

# Freezing Competent Cells

1. Streak out glycerol stock of cells onto LB plate(s).
2. Choose one large colony and inoculate 1 ml of LB. Incubate at 37°C with shaking for 2.5 -3 hours.
3. Inoculate 100ml from the 1 ml and allow the 100 mls to grow to log phase (O.D. = 0.3 - 0.4) .
4. Spin down cells 15 minutes at 2.0 - 2.5 K rpm.
5. Remove the media and resuspend pellet in 1/3 volume of freezing buffer, and chill on ice 10 - 60 minutes.
6. Spin down cells 15 minutes at 1.5K RPM.
7. Decant supernatant and resuspend pellet in 1/12 volume of freezing buffer.
8. Aliquot and flash freeze.
9. Thaw at room temperature.
10. Place cells on ice for 10 minutes mixing every 2 minutes. **Pre-chill all tubes and solutions to be used in transformation.**
11. Add 10-20  $\mu$ l of DNA ligation mixture, or less than 5% volume of DNA. One nanogram of supercoiled plasmid will saturate a 50 $\mu$ l aliquot of cells.
12. Swirl, put on ice for 30 minutes.
13. Heat shock cell at 42°C for 1-2 minutes. (Note: Optimal heat shock time may vary among batches of competent cells and does vary with different types of tubes. Optimal conditions will be included on a competent cell lab stock sheet found in front the glycerol stocks book.)
14. Place cells on ice for 2 minutes.

15. Add 1 ml of 42°C SOC media and shake at 37 °C for 1 hour (NOTE: Ken adds: at least 1 hour for Amp, at least 30 minutes for tetracycline.)
16. Plate cells with the appropriate selection. May want to plate a volume of cells with 100µl of SOB to help with spreading.

## SOLUTIONS

### LB Media

5 g of yeast extract

10 g of NaCl

10 g of tryptone

Add 800 ml of dH<sub>2</sub>O; bring the pH to 7.0 with NaOH. Bring the volume up to 1 liter with dH<sub>2</sub>O. For plates add 15 g of agar per liter.

#### Addition of antibiotics:

	Stock Solution(-200C) concentration	Working concentration	
		stringent plasmid	relaxed plasmid
Ampicillin	25-50 mg/ml	20µg/ml	60-100µg/ml
Carbenicillin	50 mg/ml	20µg/ml	60µg/ml
Chloramphenicol	34 mg/ml in EtOH	25µg/ml	170µg/ml
Kanamycin	10mg/ml	10µg/ml	50µg/ml
Streptomycin	10mg/ml	10µg/ml	50µg/ml
Tetracycline	5mg/ml in EtOH	10µg/ml	50µg/ml

Stock solutions of antibiotics dissolved in dH<sub>2</sub>O should be filter sterilized through a 0.22 micron filter. Antibiotics in EtOH need not be sterilized. Store solutions in light-tight containers. Magnesium ions are antagonists of tetracycline. Use media without magnesium salts (e.g. LB media) for selection of bacteria resistant to tetracycline.

**NOTE:** Add filter-sterilized antibiotics to LB liquid before use. Add sterile antibiotics to cooled LB agar after autoclaving before plates are poured. These concentrations are those suggested by Sambrook et.al. Different laboratories/experiments may call for concentrations differing from those listed above.

### Freezing buffer

(per 100 ml)  
 100 mM KCL (10 ml of 1 M)  
 50 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub> · 2H<sub>2</sub>O (0.7351g)

10% w/v glycerol (10 ml of 100%)  
10 mM Potassium acetate (334 $\mu$ l of 3 M)  
pH to 6.2 - 6.4 with 0.1N HCl  
ddH<sub>2</sub>O to 100 ml.

**Note: It is best to store CaCl<sub>2</sub> containing solutions in plastic rather than glass.**

## SOB media

To 950 ml of ddH<sub>2</sub>O add:  
20 g bacto-tryptone  
5g yeast extract  
0.5g NaCl

Allow solids to dissolve and add 10ml of 250mM KCL. Adjust the pH to 7.0 with 5M NaOH (~ 2.0ml) . Adjust the volume to 1 liter with ddH<sub>2</sub>O . Sterilize by autoclaving. Allow the solution to cool to 60°C or less and add 5 mls of 2M MgCl<sub>2</sub> (19g MgCl<sub>2</sub> per 100ml ddH<sub>2</sub>O).

Taken from: Sambrook et.al Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual; second edition. Look here for more detailed information.

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## SOC media

per liter:

Follow protocol to make SOB media and at the end add 20ml of filter sterilized 1M glucose (18g glucose per 100ml of ddH<sub>2</sub>O).

Taken from: Sambrook et.al Molecular Cloning , A Laboratory Manual; second edition.

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